

**USING ENGLISH EFFECTIVELY FOR GIVING INSTRUCTION IN THE
CLASSROOM****Maxmadiyarova Nargiza Ismoilovna****Academic Lyceum of Termiz University of Engineering****Agro-Technology, English teacher,**

Abstract. This article provides recommendations for effective use of English in the classroom, particularly when giving assignments to students. Making explanations and assignments in English clear and simple will help students complete them correctly. The article discusses the importance of using simple and short sentences instead of complex words and sentence structures, explaining with the help of visual materials and gestures, as well as the importance of repetition and checking for understanding. All of these things simplify and make the process of learning a language in the classroom more effective.

Keywords: English, assignments, effective teaching, clear explanations, visual aids, repetition, checking for understanding, student activity, language learning, the role of the teacher.

Using English effectively in the classroom, particularly when giving instructions, is a crucial skill for teachers who want to create an engaging and clear learning environment. When using English for instructions, teachers should focus on clarity, simplicity, and repetition to ensure that students, regardless of their proficiency level, can understand what is being asked of them. One of the first strategies in giving effective instructions is to use simple language. Complex vocabulary and complicated sentence structures can confuse students, especially those who are still learning English. Therefore, it's important to break down instructions into short, clear sentences. For instance, instead of saying, "Please proceed to complete the subsequent activities in the workbook," a simpler instruction could be, "Open your workbook to page 5 and do exercise 1." This straightforward approach reduces the chance of misunderstanding.

Another key element in giving effective instructions is the use of gestures and visual aids. When speaking, teachers should accompany verbal instructions with clear gestures, such as pointing to the board, showing pictures, or using realia [1]. Visual aids are particularly helpful in reinforcing understanding for visual learners or for students who may struggle with the language. This is especially important when the task involves steps that need to be followed in order. Repetition is also essential when giving instructions. After explaining the task once, it can be helpful to repeat the key points to reinforce the message. Teachers can also ask students to repeat

the instructions back to them to check comprehension. This practice not only helps ensure that the students understand but also gives them the opportunity to practice their language skills.

Using clear and consistent classroom routines is another effective technique. If students know what to expect and how to follow the instructions for regular classroom activities, they will feel more comfortable and confident. For example, if every morning the teacher says, "Take out your notebooks," the students will immediately understand and begin the task without needing further clarification. Moreover, it is important to check for understanding. This can be done by asking students questions like, "Can you repeat what you need to do?" or by having them demonstrate the task. By actively engaging with the students and ensuring they understand, teachers create a more effective and smooth classroom environment [2].

Finally, teachers should be patient and give students enough time to process the instructions. Some students may need a bit more time to comprehend and start the task, especially if they are not fluent in English. By giving them the space to think and ask questions if needed, teachers show respect for their learning process.

When using English effectively in giving instructions in the classroom, there are several additional strategies and considerations that can enhance clarity and ensure students understand what is being asked of them. These include adapting your tone, providing examples, and using student-centered language. Below are more insights into how to effectively give instructions in English. One important aspect of giving effective instructions is "modulating your tone of voice". The way instructions are delivered can greatly influence student comprehension. A calm, clear, and steady voice helps ensure that students are able to focus on the instructions without feeling rushed or overwhelmed [3]. Additionally, varying your tone based on the task can emphasize important aspects of the instruction. For example, using a higher or more enthusiastic tone when asking students to begin a fun activity can help motivate them, while a more serious tone might be appropriate for instructions requiring focus.

"Providing examples" of what you expect students to do is another powerful tool for clarity. Instead of simply stating the instructions, demonstrating how to complete the task can help students visualize the process. For instance, if the instruction is to write a short paragraph, the teacher might first write an example on the board. This approach makes abstract concepts more concrete and helps students understand the specific expectations. Another important method is using student-centered language. This involves framing instructions in a way that addresses the students directly, making the task feel more personal and accessible. For instance, rather than saying "One should complete the exercise by writing the answers," it's more effective to say, "Please complete the

exercise by writing your answers." This way, the instructions are not only clearer but also encourage active participation from students [4].

When giving instructions in English, it's also vital to "be aware of cultural differences". Some students might come from educational backgrounds where directness is valued, while others may come from cultures that emphasize more indirect communication. Understanding these differences and adjusting your tone and approach can make your instructions more effective for a diverse classroom. Finally, providing feedback on tasks is also essential. After giving an initial set of instructions, a teacher should be ready to offer clarification if students are unsure. Teachers can also give feedback on how well the students understood the instructions by observing their actions or by asking follow-up questions. This ensures that students remain engaged and on track throughout the task.

In summary, giving instructions in English involves more than just speaking the language clearly. It requires using a range of techniques such as modulating your tone, providing examples, using student-centered language, being aware of cultural differences, scaffolding tasks, and offering feedback. These strategies work together to ensure that students can easily understand and follow the instructions, ultimately making the learning process more effective and enjoyable. Using English effectively when giving instructions in the classroom involves speaking clearly and simply, using visual aids and gestures, repeating key points, and checking for understanding. It is also important to establish consistent routines and be patient, providing students with enough time to follow the instructions. These strategies will help create a more supportive and effective learning environment for all students.

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